

I certify that I have measured the above trophy on \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_\_.  
at (address) \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_  
State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_ and that these measurements and data are, to the best  
of my knowledge and belief, made in accordance with the instructions given.

Witness: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
(To Measurer's Signature) Official Measurer

MEASURER (Print) \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_

### INSTRUCTIONS

Measurements must be made with a flexible steel tape or steel cable to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. To simplify addition, please enter fractional figures in **eighths**. Official measurements cannot be taken for at least sixty days after the day the animal was killed. **Please submit photographs (see below).** **A. Number of Points on each antler.** To be counted a point, a projection must be at least one inch long AND at some location at least one inch from the tip, the length of the projection must exceed its width. **Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point**

**B. Tip to Tip Spread** is measured between tips of main beams.

**C. Greatest Spread** is measured between perpendiculars at right angles to the center line of the skull at widest part whether across main beams or points.

**D. Inside Spread on Main Beam** is measured at right angles to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again in "Spread Credit" column if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antler, if longer, enter longer antler length for spread credit.

**E. Total of Length of all Abnormal Points.** Abnormal points are generally considered to be those non-typical in location. Sketch all abnormal points on antler illustration (front of form) showing location and approximate size. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.

**F. Length of Main Beam** is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr.

**G-1-2-S-4-5-6-7. Length of Normal Points.** Normal points project from the top of the main beam as shown in illustration. They are measured from nearest edge of beam over outer curve to tip. To determine nearest edge (top edge) of beam, lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with the top edge of the beam on both sides of the point. Draw line along top of tape. This line will be base line from which point is measured.

**H-1-2-S-4. Circumferences.** If first point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and second point. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main beam. Circumference measurements must be taken with a steel tape (a cable cannot be used for these measurements).

**Photographs:** All entries must include photographs of the trophy. A right side, left side and front view photograph is required for all antlers. A photograph of the entire animal, preferably at the site of kill, is requested.

**Drying Period:** To be eligible for entry in the TBBR, a trophy must first have been stored under normal room temperature and humidity for at least 60 days after date of kill. No trophy will be considered which has in any way been altered from its natural state.

**THIS SCORING FORM MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A SIGNED TBBR FAIR CHASE AFFIDAVIT, 3 PHOTOS OF ANTLERS, FIELD PHOTO, AND A RECORDING FEE OF \$5.00.**

**Send To:**

Mail entries to:  
TBBR Chairman  
117 Hwy. 332 West  
Suite J, #101  
Lake Jackson, TX 77566